TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

TOWN OFFICIALS

MAYOR OSCAR VILLARREAL
TOWN COUNCIL GLENNA PEARCE
MICHAEL VOORHIES
SEAN MOORE
DEBBIE TRUEMAN
DELAINE HALL
TOWN TREASURER FRED TIMMONS
ATTORNEY RYAN HENRY

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SCHEDULE

PAG	Ε
TITLE PAGE	i
PRINCIPAL OFFICERSii	
TABLE OF CONTENTSiii	i
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	L
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS3	}
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS9)
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION 10	
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET TO THE	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	,
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT	
OF ACTIVITIES18	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND	
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION20	
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND21	
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS22	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION45	
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET	
AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND46	
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET	
AND ACTUAL – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND	
BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS 48	
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS49	
SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS51	
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – TOTAL OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB)	
LIABILITY	

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)

	<u>PAGE</u>
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	53
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - GENERAL FUND	
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN	
FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND	55
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	56
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN	
FUND BALANCE - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	57
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - VENUE TAX FUND	58
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN	
FUND BALANCE - VENUE TAX FUND	
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - STREET MAINTENANCE FUND	60
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN	
FUND BALANCE - STREET MAINTENANCE FUND	
COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUNI	
BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	64
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - SEWER	
SYSTEM	66
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET	
POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND – SEWER SYSTEM	67
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - SEWER	
SYSTEM	68



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Hollywood Park

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Hollywood Park, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Hollywood Park's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Town of Hollywood Park's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Hollywood Park, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and other post employment benefits schedules as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Hollywood Park's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. These statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vauspan & Associates, P.C.

February 25, 2022



1, 1

<u>i</u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Town of Hollywood Park's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's total combined net position was \$12.4 million at September 30, 2021, an increase of \$1 million from the prior year.
- During the year, the Town's governmental activities expenses were \$1 million less than the \$5.7 million generated in general and program revenues for governmental activities. The total cost of the Town's governmental programs decreased 14% from the prior year.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$4.9 million, an increase of \$494 thousand. The increase is largely attributable to the increased sales tax collections and Voigt Center activity.

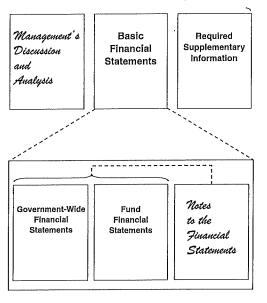
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Town:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial* statements that provide both *long-term* and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term summary financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required* supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1F, Required Components of the Town's Annual Financial Report



	Fund Statements									
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds							
Scope Statements	Entire Town's government	The activities of the town	Activities of the Town that							
scope	(except fiduciary funds)	that are not proprietary or	operate similar to private							
	and the Town's component	fiduciary	businesses: sewer							
	units	liduciary	businesses. sewer							
Required financial	• Statement of net position	Balance Sheet	• Statement of net position							
statements	Statement of activities	· Statement of revenues,	· Statement of revenues,							
		expenditures & changes	expenses & changes in							
		in fund balances	net position							
			·Statement of cash flows							
Accounting basis	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual	Accrual accounting and							
and measurement	economic resources focus	accounting and current	economic resources focus							
focus		financial resources focus								
Type of	All assets and liabilities,	Only assets expected to	All assets and liabilities,							
asset/liabilitiy	both financial and capital,	be used up and liabilities	both financial and capital,							
information	short-term and long-term	that come due during the	and short-term and long-							
		year or soon thereafter;	term							
		no capital assets included								
Type of	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash	All revenues and expenses							
inflow/outflow	expenses during year,	is received during or soon	during year, regardless of							
information	regardless of when cash	after the end of the year;	when cash is received or							
•	is received or paid	expenditures when goods	paid							
		or services have been								
		received and payment is								
		due during the year or								
		soon thereafter.								

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements, including the portion of the Town government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the Town's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the Town's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Town, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the Town's tax base.
- The government-wide financial statements of the Town include the Governmental activities. Most of the Town's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety,

highways and streets, sanitation, economic development, culture and recreation, and interest on long-term debt. Property taxes and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Town's most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Town uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Town Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The Town has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the Town's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page, which explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

The Town's combined net position was \$12.4 million at September 30, 2021. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1
Town's Net Position

		Govern	me	ntal	 Busine	ss-T	ype				
	Activities			Activities				T	Percentage		
		2021		2020	 2021		2020		2021	2020	Change
Assets:											
Current Assets	\$	8,038,131	\$	7,633,527	\$ 202,093	\$	225,447	\$	8,240,224	\$ 7,858,974	4.9
Capital Assets (net)		9,293,476		8,368,476	 _		-		9,293,476	 8,368,476	11.1
Total Assets		17,331,607		16,002,003	 202,093		225,447	_	17,533,700	 16,227,450	8.0
Deferred Outflows		192,406	,	559,341	 				192,406	 559,341	(65,6)
Liabilities:											
Current Liabilities		1,381,580		947,123	8,052		20,526		1,389,632	967,649	43.6
Long-Term Liabilities		3,756,847		3,911,376	-		-		3,756,847	 3,911,376	(4.0)
Total Liabilities		5,138,427		4,858,499	 8,052		20,526		5,146,479	 4,879,025	5.5
Deferred Inflows		204,374		527,236	 -	,	-		204,374	 527,236	(61.2)
Net Position:											
Invested in Capital Assets		6,023,685		5,068,475	-		-		6,023,685	5,068,475	18.8
Restricted		1,460,788		1,965,535	-		-		1,460,788	1,965,535	(25.7)
Unrestricted		4,696,739		4,141,599	194,041		204,921		4,890,780	 4,346,520	12.5
Total Net Position	\$	12,181,212	\$	11,175,609	\$ 194,041	\$	204,921	\$	12,375,253	\$ 11,380,530	8.7

The unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the Town next year.

Governmental Activities

• Sales taxes have fallen due to decreased sales activity in the Town, but license agreements have partially offset this decline; nevertheless, revenues declined overall. Expenses have increased somewhat, driven mainly by increases in police protection services.

Table A-2
Changes in Town's Net Position

	Govern	nmental		ss-Type		_	
	Acti	vities	Act	ivities		otal	Percentage
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	Change
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 443,616	\$ 307,811	\$ 111,720	\$ 105,792	\$ 555,336	\$ 413,603	34.3
Operating Grants and						10.000	/11 EN
Contributions	35,532	40,232	-	-	35,532	40,232	(11.7)
General Revenues:							
Taxes	4,760,933	4,442,407	-	-	4,760,933	4,442,407	7.2
License Agreements	406,000	546,233	-	-	406,000	546,233	(25.7)
Interest Earnings	15,422	60,048	6	231	15,428	60,279	(74.4)
Miscellaneous	28,234	22,950		-	28,234	22,950	23.0
Total Revenues	5,689,737	5,419,681	111,726	106,023	5,801,463	5,525,704	5.0
Progam Expenses:							
General Government	901,944	1,007,883	-	-	901,944	1,007,883	(10.5)
Police	1,480,770	1,560,918	-	-	1,480,770	1,560,918	(5.1)
Fire	1,317,329	1,276,353	-	-	1,317,329	1,276,353	3.2
Public Works	26,339	578,413	-	-	26,339	578,413	(95.4)
Municipal Court	156,513	147,929	-	-	156,513	147,929	5.8
Recreation	351,089	420,480	-	-	351,089	420,480	(16.5)
Sanitation	358,522	357,497	-	-	358,522	357,497	0.3
Sewer	-	_	122,606	109,175	122,606	109,175	12.3
Interest on Debt	91,628	93,136	-		91,628	93,136	(1.6)
Total Expenses	4,684,134	5,442,609	122,606	109,175	4,806,740	5,551,784	(13.4)
-							
Change in Net Position	1,005,603	(22,928)	(10,880)	(3,152)	994,723	(26,080)	(3914.1)
Net Position, Beginning	11,175,609	11,198,537	204,921	208,073	11,380,530	11,406,610	(0.2)
Net Position, Ending	\$ 12,181,212	\$ 11,175,609	\$ 194,041	\$ 204,921	\$ 12,375,253	\$ 11,380,530	8.7

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the Town's largest functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars. The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$4.7 million. Taxpayers paid for 66% of these activities through property taxes of \$3 million. 10% of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs.

Table A-3
Net Cost of Selected Town Functions

	Total	Cost of		Net C	ost of	
	Serv	vices	Percentage	Serv	ices	Percentage
	2021	2020	Change	2021	2020	Change
General Government	\$ 901,944	\$1,007,883	(10.5)	\$ 752,629	\$ 878,028	(14.3)
Police	1,480,770	1,560,918	(5.1)	1,443,998	1,539,529	(6.2)
Fire	1,317,329	1,276,353	3.2	1,317,329	1,255,270	4.9
Public Works	26,339	578,413	(95.4)	26,339	578,413	(95.4)
Municipal Court	156,513	147,929	5.8	44,278	(27,142)	(263.1)
Recreation	351,089	420,480	(16.5)	170,263	419,835	(59.4)
Sanitation	358,522	357,497	0.3	358,522	357,497	0.3
Sewer	122,606	109,175	12.3	10,886	3,383	221.8

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the Town's Sewer business-type activities increased 5% to \$112 thousand, and operating expenses increased 13% to \$123k. San Antonio Water System (SAWS) bills these accounts for the Town and charges the Town for the consumption. Expenditures are affected by the SAWS rates, while the revenues are based on the Town's established rates.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$6.2 million, an increase of about 15% from the preceding year due to factors noted above.

Budgetary Highlights

Revenues for the fiscal year were ahead of budget \$632 thousand more than expected. The largest favorable revenue variance was sales tax collections - \$218 thousand ahead of budget - which have rebounded from the effects of the pandemic. Ad valorem tax collections were also ahead of budget, by \$141 thousand, due to increased property values. Overall, expenses were over budget by \$100 thousand. However, the overall improvement in fund balance over what was expected was \$414 thousand.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2021, the Town had invested \$14.8 million in a broad range of capital assets, including equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) The primary additions for the Town were a patrol car, building improvements, a sound system for the Voigt Center, and the capitalization of the 2021 street projects.

Table A-4
Town's Capital Assets
(in thousands dollars)

	Govern Activ		В	usines Activ		be	To	tal	Total Percentage
	2021	2020	20	21	20	20	2021	2020	Change
Land	\$ 572	\$ 572	\$	-	\$		\$ 572	\$ 572	0.0
Buildings and Improvements	8,197	8,114		-		-	8,197	8,114	1.0
Equipment	2,313	2,364				-	2,313	2,364	(2.2)
Infrastructure	3,703	2,369		-		-	3,703	2,369	56.3
Totals at Historical Cost	14,785	13,419	,	-		-	14,785	13,419	10.2
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,491)	(5,050)		m		_	(5,491)	(5,050)	8.7
Net Capital Assets	\$ 9,294	\$ 8,369	\$		\$	-	\$ 9,294	\$ 8,369	11.1

More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Long Term Debt

The Town made its required debt payments against the bonds issued for the construction of the Voigt Center. The Town also executed a capital lease in the amount of \$80 thousand for two rescue devices for the Fire Department. More detailed information about the Town's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-5
Town's Long-Term Debt
(in thousands dollars)

	Governmental	Business-Type		Total
	Activities	Activities	Total	Percentage
	2021 2020	2021 2020	2021 2020	Change
Bonds	\$ 3,190 \$ 3,300	\$ - \$ -	\$ 3,190 \$ 3,300	(3.3)
Capital Lease - Fire Equipment	80 -	. -	80	100.0
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 3,270 \$ 3,300	\$ - \$ -	\$ 3,270 \$ 3,300	(0,9)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged. The Town is anticipating slightly more ad valorem taxes resulting from a modest tax increase and improved property valuations. Bexar County is still in a recovery state from the national pandemic, and the Town has conservatively budgeted general fund sales tax with a slight reduction from the final 2021 audited collections. The Town has also budgeted a new fire engine purchase in fiscal year 2022 which it intends to finance over five years. The City has developed a break-even general fund budget for fiscal year 2022.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Town Hall at (210) 494-2023.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements:
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Governmental Activities		ness-Type ctivities	 Total
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,565,622	\$	139,687	\$ 7,705,309
Receivables:					
Ad Valorem Taxes		105,392		-	105,392
Other		393,515		8,563	402,078
Prepaid Items		27,445		-	27,445
Internal Balances		(53,843)		53,843	-
Capital Assets (net)		9,293,476	<u></u>	-	 9,293,476
TOTAL ASSETS		17,331,607		202,093	 17,533,700
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				•	
Deferred Other Post Employment Benefit					
Related Outflows		28,523		-	28,523
Deferred Pension Related Outflows		163,883			 163,883
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		192,406			 192,406
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		416,642		8,052	424,694
Wages Payable		56,685		-	56,685
Accrued Interest		7,579		-	7,579
Deposits		36,650		-	36,650
Unearned License and Grant Revenue		591,183		-	591,183
Accrued Compensated Absences		142,509		_	142,509
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Long-term Debt Due Within One Year		130,332		-	130,332
Long-term Debt Due in More Than One Year		3,139,458		-	3,139,458
Net Pension Liability		482,400			482,400
Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability		134,989		•	134,989
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,138,427		8,052	5,146,479
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Deferred Pension Related Inflows		204,374			204,374
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		204,374		-	 204,374
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		6,023,685		-	6,023,685
Restricted for:					
Tourism Development		103,042		-	103,042
Economic Development		586,224		-	586,224
Venue Construction and Maintenance		699,517		-	699,517
Municipal Court		52,023		-	52,023
Donor Stipulations		19,374			19,374
Public Service		608		-	608
Unrestricted		4,696,739		194,041	4,890,780
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	12,181,212	\$	194,041	\$ 12,375,253

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

			ProgramRevenues							
Functions and Programs		Expenses		arges for	Gr	perating ants and tributions	Gran	apital nts and ributions		
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General and Administrative	\$	901,944	\$	149,315	\$	-	\$	-		
Police		1,480,770		1,240		35,532		-		
Fire		1,317,329		••		-		-		
Public Works		26,339		~		-		-		
Municipal Court		156,513		112,235				-		
Recreation		351,089		180,826		-	•	-		
Sanitation		358,522		-		-				
Interest on Long-term Debt		91,628				~				
Total Governmental Activities		4,684,134		443,616		35,532				
Business-Type Activities:										
Sewer	<u></u>	122,606	***************************************	111,720	,	-	<u></u>			
Total Primary Government		4,806,740	\$	555,336	\$	35,532	\$			

General Revenues:

Taxes

Ad Valorem Taxes

Franchise Taxes

Sales Taxes

Hotel Occupancy Tax

License Agreements

Interest and Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Net Position at End of Year

		Primaı	y Governmen	t	
Governmental Activities			iness-Type Activities		Total
\$	(752,629) (1,443,998) (1,317,329) (26,339) (44,278) (170,263) (358,522) (91,628) (4,204,986)			\$	(752,629) (1,443,998) (1,317,329) (26,339) (44,278) (170,263) (358,522) (91,628) (4,204,986)
		\$	(10,886)		(10,886)
	3,025,627 257,792 1,452,532 24,982 406,000 15,422 28,234 5,210,589		- - - - 6 		3,025,627 257,792 1,452,532 24,982 406,000 15,428 28,234 5,210,595
	1,005,603		(10,880)		994,723
	11,175,609		204,921		11,380,530
6	12,181,212	\$	194,041	\$	12,375,253

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	N	fajor Fund	Ma	ijor Fund	Ma	ajor Fund	M	ajor Fund
		General	E	conomic		Venue		Street
		Fund	Dev	elopment		Tax	Ma	intenance
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,738,356	\$	573,555	\$	802,284	\$	303,199
Receivables:								
Property Taxes		105,392		-		-		-
Other Receivables		159,294		24,598		49,195		149,912
Prepaid Items		27,445		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		503,770		-				**
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,534,257	\$	598,153		851,479		453,111
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS O	F							
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	230,937	\$	4,729	\$	-	\$	176,606
Wages Payable		56,685		-		-		~
Deposits		36,650		-		-		-
Unearned Revenue		177,133		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		68,310		7,200		151,962		276,505
Total Liabilities		569,715		11,929	,	151,962	L	453,111
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		101,771	<u></u>	-		-		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable for:								
Prepaid Items		27,445				-		-
Restricted for:								
Tourism Development		· -		-		-		-
Economic Development		-		586,224		***		-
Venue Construction and Maintenance		-		⁻.		699,517		-
Municipal Court		-		-		-		-
Donor Stipulations		-		-		-		-
Public Service		•		~		-		-
Assigned for:								
Capital Projects		•				-		=
Unassigned		4,835,326		**				
Total Fund Balances	<u> </u>	4,862,771		586,224	<u> </u>	699,517		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND					4.			. ma
FUND BALANCES	\$	5,534,257	\$	598,153	\$	851,479	\$	453,111

1	Other Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$	1,147,427	\$	7,564,821
	10,515		105,392 393,514 27,445
	18,649		522,419
	1,176,591	\$	8,613,591
\$	3,570	\$	415,842
	-		56,685
	-		36,650
	414,050		591,183
	72,286		576,263
	489,906		1,676,623
4			101,771
	-		27,445
	103,042		103,042
	-		586,224
	-		699,517
	52,023		52,023
	19,374		19,374
	608		608
	511,638		511,638
	-	-	4,835,326
	686,685		6,835,197
\$	1,176,591	\$	8,613,591



:

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 6,835,197
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net P are different because:	osition	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource therefore, are not reported in the funds.	es and,	9,293,476
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expensand, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	ditures	101,774
Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	period	(142,509)
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases, are not due and payable in current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	1 the	
Long-term Liabilities	(3,269,790)	
Related Accrued Interest	(7,579)	(3,277,369)
Other Post Employment Benefit liabilities (and related deferred outflows	of	
resources) do not consume current financial resources and are not	3,269,790	
reported in the funds. Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	(134,989)	
Post Employment Benefits Outlflows (Inflows)	28,523	(106,466)
Net pension liabilities (and related deferred outflows of resources) do n		
consume current financial resources and are not reported in the funds.		
Net Pension Liability	(482,400)	(500.001)
Net Pension Deferred Outflows (Inflows)	(40,491)	 (522,891)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 12,181,212

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	_ <u>N</u>	Major Fund		ajor Fund	<u>M</u>	ajor Fund	<u>M</u>	ajor Fund Street
		General		conomic		Venue	3	intenance
		Fund	_De	velopment		Tax	IVI	шенансе
REVENUES	ф	2.001.641	Φ		ø		\$	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	3,021,641	\$	~	\$	-	Ф	-
Franchise Fees		257,792		199 551		255 102		177 551 .
Sales Taxes		742,328		177,551		355,102		177,551
Hotel Occupancy Tax		-		-		-		in .
Fines and Penalties		106,843		-		-		-
Licenses and Permits		146,094		-		-		-
License Agreements		406,000		=		-		-
Recreation Revenues		180,826		-		-		-
Interest Income		14,680		228		139		313
Grants and Donations		9,481		-		-		
Miscellaneous		40,306		-		-		507,232
TOTAL REVENUES		4,925,991		177,779		355,241		685,096
EXPENDITURES		,						
Current:								
General and Administrative		908,891		67,397		-		-
Police		1,429,849		-				-
Fire		1,218,923		-		-		-
Public Works		305,809		-		-		_
Municipal Court		23,270		-		-		-
Recreation		41,464		-				-
Sanitation		358,522		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		106,991		99,538		=		1,334,364
Debt Service:		·						
Principal		_		-		110,000		
Interest and Fiscal Charges				-		91,764		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,393,719		166,935		201,764		1,334,364
	,		2		•			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		522 272		10,844		153,477		(649,268)
Over (Under) Expenditures		532,272		10,044		133,777		(012,200)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Capital Lease Proceeds		79,790		_		-		-
Transfers In (Out)		(118,348)		_		_		26,983
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(110,540)						10,705
		(38,558)		_				26,983
SOURCES (USES)		(30,330)					-	20,703
Net Change in Fund Balance		493,714		10,844		153,477		(622,285)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		4,369,057		575,380		546,040		622,285
					<i>-</i>		<u> </u>	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	4,862,771	\$	586,224	\$	699,517	\$	-

Total	Total			
Nonmajor	Governmenta			
Funds	Funds			
\$ -	\$ 3,021,641			
_	257,792			
-	1,452,532			
6,246	6,246			
5,391	112,234			
-	146,094			
	406,000			
-	180,826			
64	15,424			
23,099	32,580			
, <u>-</u>	547,538			
34,800	6,178,907			
15,965	992,253			
73,109	1,502,958			
250	1,219,173			
-	305,809			
-	23,270			
83,601	125,065			
-	358,522			
-	1,540,893			
-	110,000			
-	91,764			
172,925	6,269,707			
(138,125)	(90,800)			
- 01 265	79,790			
91,365				
91,365	79,790			
(46,760)	(11,010)			
733,445	6,846,207			
\$ 686,685	\$ 6,835,197			

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			\$ (11,010)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activiare different because:	ties		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their es useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount be capital outlay exceeded depreciation.	timated		944,206
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets are recorded as an other financing in governmental funds. On the statement of activities these proceeds at the net book value of capital assets disposed. This amount represents	re rduce	d by	(10.005)
value of capital assets disposed during the year			(19,205)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current finances are not reported as revenues in the funds.	ncial		3,986
Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions other post employment benefit programs (the supplemental death benefit expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities the cost of the perfected based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is to by which the contributions exceeded the actuarially determined pension	fit) as ension is he amou		59,916
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds and capital leases) provides financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of t principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on n Proceeds from Capital Lease Principal Payments	he	on. (79,790) 110,000	30,210
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditu governmental funds. Change in Compensated Absences		(2,635)	
Change in Accrued Interest		135	(2,500)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			\$ 1,005,603

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	A	ness-Type ctivities Sewer Fund
ASSETS	•	rund
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	139,687
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		8,563
Due From General Fund		53,843
TOTAL ASSETS	•	202,093
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	<u> </u>	8,052
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,052
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted		194,041
TOTAL NET POSITION		194,041

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities				
		Sewer			
		Fund			
OPERATING REVENUES	•				
Charges for Utility Service	\$	111,720			
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		111,720			
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Waste Water Treatment Fees		122,606			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		122,606			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u></u>	(10,886)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest Income	<u> </u>	6			
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		6			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(10,880)			
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	•	204,921			
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$	194,041			

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Bus	iness-Type
	A	ctivities
		Sewer
		Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Cash Received From Customers	\$	112,844
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(135,080)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(22,236)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Investment Interest Received		6
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		6
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		
and Cash Equivalents		(22,230)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		161,917
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	139,687
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(10,886)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		(12,474)
Total Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities		(11,350)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		
Operating Activities	\$	(22,236)

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Hollywood Park, Texas ("Town") was incorporated in 1955 under the provisions of the State of Texas. The Town operates under a General Law Charter, which was adopted October 5, 1951. The Town provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, sanitation, parks and recreation, general administrative services, and sewer services.

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Component Units

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations; thus, data from these units, if any existed, would be combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the government. As of September 30, 2021, the Town had one component unit that is blended in these financial statements:

Hollywood Park Economic Development Corporation

The Town exerts significant control over the Economic Development Corporation (EDC), a legally separate entity. The EDC uses the taxing authority of the Town and exists only to benefit the Town and its community. Town Council appoints all members of the Board and approves all expenditures. This qualifies the EDC as a component unit, which is recorded as a separate fund of the Town, using the blended method described in the previous paragraph. The EDC collects a ¼ cent sales tax to promote the economic growth in the Town of Hollywood Park. The EDC does not issue separate financial statements.

2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the Town. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The General Fund, Venue Tax Fund, Street Maintenance and Economic Development Fund all meet the criteria as *major governmental funds*.

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types which have been accrued consist of revenue from the investments, property taxes, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>The General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the Town and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, police, fire, recreation, public works, municipal court and sanitation.

Economic Development Fund is used to account for the ¼ cent sales tax used to promote business development in the Town. This fund is a separate legal entity reported as a blended component unit of the Town.

<u>Venue Tax Fund</u> is used to account for the ½ cent sales tax used to service debt on the Voigt Center construction.

<u>Street Maintenance Fund</u> is used to account for the ¼ cent sales tax used for major road infrastructure projects conducted by the Town.

ſ

The Town has the following nonmajor governmental funds: Court Technology, Court Security, Grants & Donations, PEG Fund, Voigt Center Maintenance, Asset Forfeiture, Hotel Tax, Capital Projects, and Asset Seizure.

Proprietary fund level financial statements are used to account for activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The Town's Proprietary Fund is the Sewer Fund (used to account for the provision of sewer services to residents).

The Proprietary Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when the liabilities are incurred.
- 2. Current-year contributions, administrative expenses and benefit payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the Town.

5. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations. The Town has all its monies in interest bearing checking accounts, savings accounts, and government investment pools. Earnings from these investments are added to each account monthly or quarterly. Investments are carried at fair market value except for certificates of deposit which are carried at amortized cost.

The Town reports investments at fair value based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Town's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool maintains a consistent net asset value per share that approximates the fair value of the underlying securities. These investments are reported at net asset value.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1, 2020 and past due after January 31, 2021. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior years' levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles; however, presently the Town estimates that all accounts are collectible.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the Town. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

7. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made for goods and services in advance are recorded as prepaid items on the balance sheet.

8. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

9. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period while a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position. These items are presented in separate section following assets (deferred outflows) or liabilities (deferred inflows) on the statement of net position.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenue not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as deferred revenue. Unavailable revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grant and reimbursement revenues received in advance of expenses/expenditures are reflected as unavailable revenue.

10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful live in excess of 1 year. Infrastructure assets include Town-owned streets, sewer, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property plant and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Estimated Life
Buildings and Improvements	5 to 30 years
Streets and Infrastructure	5 to 25 years
Furniture, Fixtures, Vehicles	5 to 25 years

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

11. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Full-time employees earn vacation leave at varying rates depending on length of service and department worked. No more than 20 days (160 hours for regular employees, 240 for firefighters, and 200 hours for police) may be carried over annually. Excess leave is to be paid upon employment anniversary date. Accumulated vacation leave is paid on termination.

Full-time employees earn sick leave monthly at varying rates depending on their department. Sick leave benefits carryover each year up to a maximum of 584 hours for regular employees, 876 hours for firefighters and 730 hours for police. Unused sick leave is not paid upon termination. Liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements only to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt (including capital leases) and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

13. PENSIONS

The net pension liability, deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), and additions to and deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

14. FUND BALANCES

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable – Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted - Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose by a resolution of Town Council. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town Council removes those constraints through the same formal action.

Assigned - Represents amounts which the Town intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. Assignments may be created by the Council or Finance Director.

Unassigned - Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the Town.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the Town considers restricted balances spent first, committed second and assigned third.

15. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

16. OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise. For the Town, those revenues are charges for sewer services. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

17. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

18. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Town's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the Town's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect Town funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Deposits

At September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits were fully covered by a combination of federal deposit insurance (FDIC) of \$250,000 and collateral pledged by the Town's depository

2. Investments

The Town is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the Town adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the Town were in accordance with local policies.

NOTE B -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

2. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the Town. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The Town's investment policy further limits investments to: (1) federally insured bank deposits, (2) collateralized bank deposits, (3) U.S. Government Treasury bills and notes, including sweep accounts that invest in them, (4) U.S. Government Agencies, and (5) Public Funds Investment Pools. No other investments may be made without authorization of Town Council.

The Town's investments at September 30, 2021 consist of \$5,896,329 in TexPool, a 2a7 like public funds investment pool. TexPool operates in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act and is rated AAAm. Investments in Texpool have a net asset value of \$1 per share and are reported at amortized cost. The investment in TexPool is included in cash and cash equivalents.

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the Town was exposed to specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures. As of September 30, 2021, the Town determined that it was not exposed to credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentrations of credit risk, interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

NOTE C -- PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The Town's property tax is levied and becomes collectible each October 1 based on the assessed values listed as of the prior January 1, which is the date a lien attaches to all taxable property in the Town. Assessed values are established by the Bexar County Appraisal District at 100% of estimated market value. Assessed values are reduced by lawful exemptions to arrive at taxable values. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed every four (4) years. The total taxable value as of January 1, 2020, upon which the fiscal 2021 levy was based, was \$593 million (i.e., market value less exemptions). The estimated market value was \$616 million, making the taxable value 96% of the estimated market value.

The Town is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Pursuant to a decision of the Attorney General of the State of Texas, up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation may be used for the payment of long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt, for the year ended September 30, 2021, was \$0.499254 per \$100 of assessed value, which means that the Town has a tax margin of \$2.000746 for each \$100 value and could increase its annual tax levy by approximately \$11.9 million based upon the present assessed valuation before the limit is reached. The Property Tax Code generally limits growth of the maintenance and operations tax levy to 3.5% without voter approval.

NOTE D -- OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables for the Town as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	 General Fund	EDC		Venue Tax		Street Maintenance		Nonmajor Funds		;	Totals
Sales and Mixed Beverage Tax	\$ 101,662	\$	24,598	\$	49,195	\$	149,912	\$	-	\$	325,367
Franchise Tax	57,632		-		-		-		1,278		58,910
Hotel Occupancy Tax	-		~		-		-		9,237		9,237
Total Other Receivables	\$ 159,294	\$	24,598	\$	49,195	\$	149,912	\$	10,515	\$	393,514

NOTE E -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 10/1/2020		Additions		Disposals/ Transfers		Balance 9/30/2021	
Land	\$	571,586	\$	-	\$	~	\$	571,586
Buildings and Improvements	,	8,114,162		97,031		(14,269)		8,196,924
Vehicles and Equipment		2,364,086		178,728		(229,581)		2,313,233
Infrastructure		2,368,522		1,334,364		-		3,702,886
		13,418,356		1,610,123		(243,850)		14,784,629
Less Accumulated Depreciation								,
Buildings and Improvements		(1,909,825)		(281,943)		13,442		(2,178,326)
Vehicles and Equipment		(1,840,875)		(169,739)		211,203		(1,799,411)
Infrastructure		(1,299,181)		(214,235)				(1,513,416)
		(5,049,881)		(665,917)		224,645		(5,491,153)
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$	8,368,475	\$	944,206	\$	(19,205)	\$_	9,293,476

Land is not depreciated.

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Administration	\$ 46,898
Municipal Court	733
Police Department	84,007
Fire Department	75,713
Public Works	232,542
Recreation	 226,024
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 665,917

NOTE F -- LONG-TERM DEBT

	Balance					Balance	Du	e Within
Debt	10/1/2020	A	dditions	Re	eductions	 9/30/2021	_0	ne Year
2016 General Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,300,000	\$		\$	(110,000)	\$ 3,190,000	\$	115,000
Fire Equipment Lease	-		79,790			79,790		15,332
Accrued Compensation	139,874		142,509		(139,874)	142,509		-
Net Pension Liability	613,897		474,240		(605,737)	482,400		
Other Post Employment Benefits	107,479		27,510			134,989		_
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 4,161,250	\$	724,049	\$	(855,611)	\$ 4,029,688	\$	130,332

2016 General Obligation Bonds

In April, 2016, the Town issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016 for \$3.7 million to fund the Voigt Center construction project. The bonds mature serially through March 1, 2041 and bear interest at rates ranging from 0.938% to 3.296%. The Town intends to service these bonds with venue taxes, but it has the authority to level interest and sinking property taxes if needed. These bonds were placed privately with a bank, and there are no subjective acceleration clauses, events of default with finance-related consequences, or termination events with finance-related consequences. The annual requirements to service this privately placed bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2021, including interest payments, are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total	
2022	\$ 115,000	\$ 89,994	\$ 204,994	_
2023	115,000	87,963	202,963 T	212,417
2024	120,000	85,647	205,647	,
2025	125,000	83,003	208,003	
2026	130,000	80,047	210,047	
2027-2031	730,000	345,385	1,075,385	
2032-2036	885,000	226,921	1,111,921	
2037-2041	970,000	 75,618	1,045,618_	
	\$ 3,190,000	\$ 1,074,578	\$ 4,264,578	

NOTE F -- LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Fire Equipment Lease

In June, 2021, the Town executed a capital lease for two LifePak 15's for the Fire Department in the amount of \$80 thousand. Each Lifepak 15 is recorded at a cost of \$39,895 and accumulated depreciation of \$1,995 at September 30, 2021. The lease is to be paid in five annual installments bearing interest at a rate of 2%. The annual requirements to fully amortize the debt outstanding at September 30, 2021, including interest payments, are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30,	P1	Principal			
2022	\$	16,928			
2023		16,928			
2024		16,928			
2025		16,928			
2026		16,928			
		84,640			
Less: Amounts Representing Interest		(4,850)			
	\$	79,790			

NOTE G -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Texas Municipal Retirement System

The City participates as one of 895 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor-appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest. The City has elected to provide updated service credits and cost of living adjustments to retirees.

NOTE G -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Benefits Provided (Continued)

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	2020
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	22
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	34
Active employees	38
•	94

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 9.01% and 9.22% in calendar years 2020 and 2021, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$208,952, which were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The City's net pension liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020 and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Overall Payroll Growth	2.75% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%

NOTE G -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2109 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term

		Expected Real
		Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocations	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.00%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	4.14%
Real Return	10.00%	3.85%
Real Estate	10,00%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	3.48%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.75%
	100.00%	

NOTE G -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The below schedule presents the changes in the Net Pension Liability as of December 31, 2020:

	Total Pension Liability		n Fiduciary et Position	Net Pension Liability		
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	6,792,805	\$ 6,178,908	\$	613,897	
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost	•	284,210	-		284,210	
Interest		461,704			461,704	
Change of Benefit Terms		-			-	
Difference Between Expected and						
Actual Experience		(81,979)	_		(81,979)	
Changes of Assumptions		-	-		-	
Contributions - Employer			196,210		(196,210)	
Contributions - Employee		-	133,641		(133,641)	
Net Investment Income		-	468,734		(468,734)	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						
of Employee Contributions		(189,695)	(189,695)		-	
Administrative Expense		-	(3,035)		3,035	
Other Changes		-	(118)		118	
Net Changes		474,240	605,737		(131,497)	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	7,267,045	\$ 6,784,645	\$	482,400	

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Di	scount Rate	Disc	count Rate	Dis	count Rate
		5.75%		6.75%	7.75%	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,589,940	\$	482,400	\$	(423,036)

NOTE G -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$123,243. Also as of September 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Γ	eferred	
	Out	tflows of	In	flows of	
	Re	sources	Resources		
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Economic Experience	\$	-	\$	29,287	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	•	9,877		-	
Differences Between Projected and					
Actual Investment Earnings				175,087	
Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		154,006		bra	
	\$	163,883	\$	204,374	

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$154,006 is related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the calendar year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	\$ (194,497)
Thereafter	-
2024	(14,233)
2023	(113,425)
2022	2,409
2021	\$ (69,248)
For the Year ended December 31,	

NOTE H -- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT

Supplemental Death Benefits

The City also participates in the cost sharing single-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post-employment benefit," or OPEB. Membership in the plan at December 31, 2020, the valuation and measurement date, consisted of:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	14
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	5
Active employees	38
	57

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate a determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. The assumptions of the plan are as follows:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.50% Including Inflation
Discount Rate	2.00%
Administrative Expenses	All administrative expenses are paid throu the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tabls with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

NOTE H -- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

The City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL), based on the above actuarial factors, as of December 31, 2020, the measurement and actuarial valuation date was calculated as follows:

	Tot	tal OPEB
	I	Liability
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	107,479
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		6,905
Interest		3,041
Change of Benefit Terms		-
Difference Between Expected and		
Actual Experience		301
Changes in Assumptions or Other		
Inputs		17,931
Benefit Payments		(668)
•		
Net Changes		27,510
Balance at December 31, 2020		134,989

There is no separate trust maintained to fund this TOL. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

The following presents the TOL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75% as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Disc	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
	1.75%		2.75%		3.75%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	165,058	\$	134,989	\$	111,845	

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$15,490. Also, as of September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Ι	Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$	916	\$	-
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		27,095		-
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		512		-
	\$	28,523	\$	+

NOTE H -- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$512 is related to OPEB benefits resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the plan year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Plan Year ended December 31,	
2021	\$ 5,544
2022	5,544
2023	5,546
2024	4,573
2025	5,612
Thereafter	 1,192
	\$ 28,011

NOTE I -- LICENSE AGREEMENT

The Town has a license agreement with Clear Channel Outdoor, Inc. for a number of billboards. The terms of the agreements are either 25 or 30 years, beginning on the commencement date of each billboard. Per the original agreement, in 2013, the Town received a \$200,000 bonus on execution of agreement and land Clear Channel placed in escrow for the Town. The agreement was amended in 2018 to include an additional billboard and the town received an additional bonus payment of \$50,000 when the billboard became operational in 2019. In fiscal year 2020, the Town added additional billboards and received bonus payments totaling \$150,000 related to those billboards.

The annual license payments related to these agreements are paid in advance and are refundable should the billboards become inoperable or not advantageous for the licensee. Unearned license payments at September 30, 2021 are \$177,133 and are recognized as a liability on the balance sheet. Future license payments expected are as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	 Payment
2022	\$ 406,000
2023	406,000
2024	406,000
2025	413,680
2026	418,180
2027-2031	2,123,900
2032-2036	2,187,614
2037-2041	1,789,532
2042-2046	966,810
2047-2049	521,673
Total All Years	\$ 9,639,389

NOTE J -- COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Litigation

At year-end, the Town was the defendant in one EEOC suit. This suit has been in litigation for several years, and there has been no activity since January, 2021. The insurance carrier has agreed to cover any settlement, and management believes the maximum exposure to the Town will be the deductible associated with the case, or \$2,500. Management is not aware of any other legal action against the Town.

Commitments

On October 1, 2017, the Town entered into an agreement with Tiger Sanitation, Inc., to provide the service of collection and transportation of residential garbage and recycling for the Town. The agreement commenced on October 1, 2017, and shall continue for a period of five years. For the first two years of the agreement term, the base rates charged by the contractor for services will remain fixed until October 1, 2019, which then may be increased up to 2.5% per year by the contractor. However, the contractor has not invoked its inflation adjustment for the last four years, and management feels the remaining contractual obligation is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Co	ntractual
September 30,	Ol	oligation
2022	\$	358,522

The term of the solid waste disposal agreement may be extended, upon the mutual consent of both of the parties, at each party's sole discretion, for up to two additional terms of two years each.

Also during the fiscal year, the Town entered into a three-year agreement with Aquatica to provide maintenance and lifeguard support for the Town pool at the Voigt Center complex. The contract is effective May 1, 2021 through April 30, 2024. Remaining payments under the terms of this agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Coa	ntractual
September 30,	Ob	ligation
2022	\$	69,737
2023		69,737
2024		69,737

NOTE K -- INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

As of September 30, 2021, the following balances were owed between funds:

Due From	Due To	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Proprietary Fund	\$ 53,843	Sewer Service Collections
Street Maintenance	General Fund	276,505	Street Project Expenses Paid by General Fund
Venue Tax Fund	General Fund	151,962	Collections on behalf of Other Funds
General Fund	Other Nonmajor	14,467	Court Collections
EDC Fund	General Fund	7,200	Administrative Fee
Other Nonmajor	Other Nonmajor	4,182	Hotel Agreement to Support Voigt Maintenance
Other Nonmajor	General Fund	68,104	Collections on behalf of other funds
-	Total Due To Other Funds	\$ 576,263	

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the following transfers occurred between funds:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose	
General Fund	Street Maintenance	\$ 26,98	3 Support 2021 Street Project	
General Fund	Other Nonmajor	91,36	5 Supplement Nonmajor Activities	
	Total Transfers	\$ 118,34		

NOTE L -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The Town contracts with Travelers Insurance to provide insurance coverage for property and casualty, and workers compensation. Liability by the Town is generally limited to losses up to \$1,000,000. Annual premiums for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$94,834 for property and casualty and workers compensation coverage.

NOTE M -- SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In its October, 2022 meeting, the Council committed to the purchase of a fire engine. The cost of the vehicle is \$1,600,000 with an expected delivery date of December 1, 2022. The vehicle will be financed with a note payable over five years at an interest rate of 1.94%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Economic Development Fund
- Schedule of Changes Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Contributions Defined Benefit Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes to Total Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCEBUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budget	Amou	nts		Actual		/ariance avorable	
	 Original		Final		Amounts	(Un	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 2,880,893	\$	2,880,893	\$	3,021,641	\$	140,748	
Franchise Fees	272,000		272,000		257,792		(14,208)	
Sales Taxes	523,825		523,825		742,328		218,503	
Fines and Penalties	131,600		131,600		106,843		(24,757)	
Licenses and Permits	123,100		123,100		146,094		22,994	
License Agreement	300,000		300,000		406,000		106,000	
Recreation Revenues	-		-		180,826		180,826	
Interest Income	45,000		45,000		14,680		(30,320)	
Grants and Donations	-		-		9,481		9,481	
Miscellaneous	 17,400		17,400		40,306		22,906	
TOTAL REVENUES	 4,293,818		4,293,818		4,925,991		632,173	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General and Administrative	950,872		950,872		908,891		41,981	
Police	1,427,301		1,427,301		1,429,849		(2,548)	
Fire	1,136,948		1,136,948		1,218,923		(81,975)	
Public Works	183,955		183,955		305,809		(121,854)	
Municipal Court	19,800		19,800		23,270		(3,470)	
Recreation	1,440		1,440		41,464		(40,024)	
Sanitation	357,696		357,696		358,522		(826)	
Capital Outlay	215,806		215,806		106,991		108,815	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 4,293,818		4,293,818		4,393,719		(99,901)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	 646		Pri.		532,272		532,272	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from Capital Lease	-		79,790		79,790		-	
Transfers In (Out)	-		, =		(118,348)		(118,348)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	 		79,790		(38,558)		(118,348)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	_		79,790		493,714		413,924	
Beginning Fund Balance	 4,369,057		4,369,057		4,369,057	W		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 4,369,057	\$	4,448,847	_\$_	4,862,771	\$	413,924	



TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCEBUDGET AND ACTUAL – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts		Fa	ariance vorable avorable)	
REVENUES							
Sales Taxes	\$	140,000	\$ 140,000	\$	177,551	\$	37,551
Interest Income			 ,		228	p	228
TOTAL REVENUES		140,000	 140,000		177,779		37,779
EXPENDITURES Current: General and Administrative Capital Outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES		140,000 - 140,000	140,000		67,397 99,538 166,935		72,603 (99,538) (26,935)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		10,844		10,844
Beginning Fund Balance		575,380	 575,380		575,380		
Ending Fund Balance	\$	575,380	 575,380	\$	586,224	\$	10,844

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Budgetary Information – The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Town maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provision embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Town Council and as such is a good management control device. The following are the funds which have legally adopted annual budgets: General Fund and Economic Development Fund.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.

The Town does not use encumbrances.

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SEVEN CALENDAR YEARS

		Total Pension	Liab	ility				
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Service Cost Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) Changes of Benefit Terms	\$	174,018 300,955	\$	212,924 327,379	\$	213,214 338,834	\$	240,862 362,906
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		32,193		(31,235) 3,798		(24,792) -		(35,104)
Employee Contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	(125,037) 382,129 4,274,860 4,656,989	\$	(173,230) 339,636 4,656,989 4,996,625		(166,938) 360,318 4,996,625 5,356,943	\$	(201,986) 366,678 5,356,943 5,723,621
	Pla	ın Fiduciary N	let Po	osition				
		2014		2015		2016	<u></u>	2017
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income	\$	136,240 94,284 217,692	\$	153,141 102,779 6,088	\$	149,442 100,100 284,695	\$	173,871 114,243 633,851
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expense		(125,037) (2,272)		(173,230) (3,708)		(166,938) (3,214)		(201,986) (3,286)
Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Posit Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		(187) 320,720 3,804,794		(182) 84,888 4,125,514	***************************************	(173) 363,912 4,210,402		(167) 716,526 4,574,314
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending		4,125,514	\$	4,210,402	\$	4,574,314	\$	5,290,840
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$	531,475	\$	786,223	\$	782,629	\$	432,781
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		88.59%		84.26%		85.39%		92.44%
Covered Payroll	\$	1,571,394	\$	1,712,986	\$	1,668,340	\$	1,904,045
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		33,82%		45.90%		46.91%		22.73%

The schedule above reflects the changes in the net pension liability for the current year. GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. The employer/City will be required to build this schedule over the 10-year period; as such, the employer should retain the annual GASB packages to utilize in building this schedule.

	Total Pension Liability						
	2018		2019		2020		
\$	261,094	\$	275,290	\$	284,210		
	389,558		423,140		461,704		
	-		-		~		
	31,960		54,764		(81,979)		
	-		17,777		-		
	(165,878)		(218,521)		(189,695)		
	516,734		552,450		474,240		
	5,723,621		6,240,355		6,792,805		
\$	6,240,355	\$	6,792,805	\$	7,267,045		
		Fidu	ciary Net Pos	ition	2020		
	2018		2019		2020		
\$	183,317	\$	189,706	\$	196,211		
	122,483		129,345		133,641		
	(158,267)		813,847		468,734		
	(165,878)		(218,521)		(189,696)		
	(3,063)		(4,603)		(3,035)		
	(160)		(138)		(118)		
	(21,568)		909,636		605,737		
	5,290,840		5,269,272		6,178,908		
\$	5,269,272	\$	6,178,908	\$	6,784,645		
\$	971,083	\$	613,897	\$	482,400		
	84.44%		90.96%		93.36%		
\$	2,041,391	\$	2,155,758	\$	2,227,347		
	47.57%		28.48%		21.66%		

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule of Contributions:

			Cor	tributions					Contrib	outions
			in R	Relation to					as	a
For the Year	A	ctuarially	A	ctuarially	Cont	ribution			Percent	tage of
Ending	De	termined	De	termined	Defi	ciency		Covered	Cove	ered
September 30,	Con	ntribution	Con	tributions	(Ex	cess)		Payroll	Pay	roll
2021	\$	208,952	\$	208,952	\$	-	\$	2,321,745		9.00%
2020		188,824		188,824		-	,	2,172,673		8.69%
2019		180,222		180,222		-		1,998,068		9.02%
2018		167,628		167,628		-		1,849,489		9.06%
2017		151,292		151,292				1,691,086		8.95%
2016		143,917		143,917		-		1,622,545		8.87%
2015		138,811		138,811		-		1,528,360		9.08%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, thirteen (13) months later.

There were no benefit changes during

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in the Schedule of Contributions; the City will build this report over the next 10-year period. The data in this schedule is based on the City's fiscal year end, not the valuation/measurement date as provided in the other schedules to this report.

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – TOTAL OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) LIABILITY LAST FOUR CALENDAR YEARS

Tratal	11000	Liability
1 (11)	1 15 15 15	Laarmarv

	otai	OLED TR	10mr	<u>/</u>				
		2017	,	2018		2019	2-2	2020
Service Cost	\$	3,808	\$	4,491	\$	5,174	\$	6,905
Interest		2,660		2,760		3,012		3,041
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-		-
Difference between Expected								
and Actual Experience		-		(3,304)		3,588		301
Changes in Assumptions or								
Other Inputs		6,806		(5,858)		17,430		17,931
Benefit Payments		(571)	,	(612)		(647)		(668)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		12,703		(2,523)		28,557		27,510
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		68,742		81,445		78,922		107,479
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	81,445	\$	78,922	\$	107,479	\$	134,989
Covered Payroll	\$1	,904,045	\$2	,041,391	\$2	,155,758	\$2	2,227,347
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		4.28%		3.87%		4.99%		6.06%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in Benefit Terms: None

Changes in Assumptions: None

Trust:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

GASB 75 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in the Schedule of Contributions; the City will build this report over the next 10-year period. The data in this schedule is based on the City's fiscal year end, not the valuation/measurement date as provided in the other schedules to this report.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Comparative Statements General Fund
- Comparative Statements Economic Development Fund
- Comparative Statements Venue Tax Fund
- Comparative Statements Street Maintenance Fund
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Comparative Statements Proprietary Sewer Fund

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,738,356	\$ 4,104,770
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):		
Property Taxes	105,392	97,785
Other Receivables	159,294	604,537
Due from Other Funds	503,770	403,797
Prepaid Items	27,445	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,534,257	\$ 5,210,889
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 230,937	\$ 451,425
Wages Payable	56,685	34,294
Deposits	36,650	18,331
Due to Other Funds	68,310	62,864
Unearned Billboard Revenue	177,133	177,133
Total Liabilities	569,715	744,047
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	101,771	97,785
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	101,771	97,785
Fund Balances:		
Nonspendable Prepaid Items	27,445	-
Unassigned	4,835,326	4,369,057
Total Fund Balance	4,862,771	4,369,057
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 5,534,257	\$ 5,210,889

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020
REVENUES		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 3,021,641	\$ 2,973,695
Franchise Fees	257,792	269,518
Sales Taxes	742,328	563,690
Fines and Penalties	106,843	168,382
Licenses and Permits	146,094	126,687
License Agreement	406,000	546,233
Recreation Revenues	180,826	645
Interest Income	14,680	44,006
Grants and Donations	9,481	33,518
Other Revenues	40,306	35,770
TOTAL REVENUES	4,925,991	4,762,144
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General and Administrative	908,891	972,814
Police	1,429,849	1,432,764
Fire	1,218,923	1,146,050
Public Works	305,809	310,995
Municipal Court	23,270	14,598
Recreation	41,464	9,164
Sanitation	358,522	357,497
Capital Outlay	106,991	89,478
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,393,719	4,333,360
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	532,272	428,784
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	,	
Capital Lease Proceeds	79,790	
Transfers Out	(118,348)	(44,471)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		
SOURCES (USES)	(38,558)	(44,471)
Net Change in Fund Balance	493,714	384,313
Beginning Fund Balance	4,369,057	3,984,744
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 4,862,771	\$ 4,369,057

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021			2020		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	573,555	\$	562,097		
Sales Tax Receivable		24,598		22,967		
TOTAL ASSETS		598,153	\$	585,064		
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	4,729	\$	6,084		
Due to Other Funds		7,200		3,600		
Total Liabilities		11,929		9,684		
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for Economic Development		586,224		575,380		
Total Fund Balances		586,224		575,380		
TOTAL LIABILITIES &						
FUND BALANCES	\$	598,153	\$	585,064		

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021		 2020		
REVENUES					
Sales Tax	\$	177,551	\$ 134,590		
Interest Income		228_	 4,315		
TOTAL REVENUES		177,779	 138,905		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General and Administrative		67,397	54,895		
Capital Outlay		99,538	 40,060		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		166,935	 94,955		
Net Change in Fund Balance		10,844	43,950		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	-	575,380	 531,430		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	586,224	\$ 575,380		

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS VENUE TAX FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021			2020		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	802,284	\$	652,068		
Sales TaxReceivables		49,195		45,934		
TOTAL ASSETS		851,479	\$	698,002		
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-		
Due to Other Funds	<u> </u>	151,962		151,962		
Total Liabilities		151,962	-	151,962		
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		699,517		546,040		
Total Fund Balance		699,517		546,040		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES		851,479	\$	698,002		

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE VENUE TAX FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021		2020
REVENUES			
Sales Taxes	\$ 355,102	\$	269,181
Interest Income	139		2,588
TOTAL REVENUES	 355,241	1	271,769
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Recreation	=		689
Debt Service:			
Principal	110,000		105,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 91,764		93,249
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 201,764	+	198,938
Net Change in Fund Balance	153,477		72,831
Beginning Fund Balance	546,040	•	473,209
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 699,517	\$	546,040

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS STREET MAINTENANCE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021			2020
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	303,199	\$	779,449
Sales Tax Receivables		149,912		22,967
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	453,111	\$	802,416
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	176,606	\$	-
Due to Other Funds		276,505		180,131
Total Liabilities		453,111		180,131
Fund Balances:				
Restricted		-		622,285
Total Fund Balance		-		622,285
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	453,111	\$	802,416

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE STREET MAINTENANCE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021		2020
REVENUES			
Sales Taxes	\$ 177,551	\$	134,590
Other Revenue	507,232		-
Interest Income	313	-	5,239
TOTAL REVENUES	685,096	-	139,829
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Public Works	-		-
Capital Outlay	1,334,364		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,334,364		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(649,268)		139,829
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In (Out)	26,983		Print 1
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	26,983		-
Beginning Fund Balance	622,285		482,456
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	622,285

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Court Court Grants & PEG								Vo:	Voigt Center	
	Tec	hnology	S	ecurity	D	onations	Fund		Maintenance		
ASSETS				*						•	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	23,050	\$	17,408	\$	430,522	\$	21,728	\$	5,596	
Other Receivables				-				1,278		6,928	
Due from Other Funds		6,216		5,349	,	2,902		<u> </u>		4,182	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	29,266		22,757		433,424	_\$_	23,006	\$	16,706	
LIABILITIES &											
FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,568	
Unearned Revenue		-		-		414,050		-		-	
Due to Other Funds				_		-		22,398		13,138	
Total Liabilities	maratan	-				414,050		22,398		16,706	
Fund Balances:											
Restricted For:											
Tourism Development		-		-				-		-	
Municipal Court		29,266		22,757		-		-		-	
Donor Stipulations		-		-		19,374		-		-	
Public Service		-		-		-		608		-	
Assigned for Capital Projects						<u></u>		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		29,266	hard-tra	22,757		19,374	<u></u>	608			
TOTAL LIABILITIES &											
FUND BALANCES	\$	29,266	\$	22,757	\$	433,424	\$	23,006	\$	16,706	

	Special Revenue Funds				Capital	Total			
As	set	Hotel		Asset	Projects]	Nonmajor	
Forfe	eiture	Tax	S	Seizure		Fund		Funds	
\$	-	\$ 132,483 2,309	\$	5,002 - -	\$	511,638 - -	\$	1,147,427 10,515 18,649	
\$	_	\$ 134,792		5,002		511,638		1,176,591	
\$	- - -	\$ - -31,750 31,750	\$	5,000 5,002	\$	- - -	\$	3,570 414,050 72,286 489,906	
	<u></u>	103,042		-				103,042	
	-	_		_				52,023	
	-	_		•		-		19,374	
	-	••		-		_		608	
	-	-		_		511,638		511,638	
	-	103,042		P4		511,638		686,685	
\$		\$ 134,792	\$	5,002		511,638		1,176,591	

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Court Court			(drants &		PEG		igt Center	
	Tech	nology	S	lecurity	_ <u>D</u>	onations	- - - - - - - - - -	Fund	Maintenance	
REVENUES										
Hotel Tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and Penalties		2,664		2,727		-		-		-
Interest Income		1		1		-		-		-
Other Income				**		4,362		-	,	18,737
TOTAL REVENUES	,	2,665		2,728		4,362				18,737
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Administration		-		-		***		15,965		
Police		1,000		-		670		-		-
Fire		-		-		250		-		-
Recreation				-		-				83,601
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,000				920		15,965		83,601
Net Excess Fund Balance		1,665		2,728		3,442		(15,965)		(64,864)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In (Out)				-		-				64,864
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	***			-				hain .		64,864
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,665		2,728		3,442		(15,965)		-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		27,601		20,029		15,932	,	16,573		-
Fund Balances at End of Year		29,266	\$	22,757	\$	19,374		608	\$	••

Asset	pecial Revenue Hotel	Asset	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor
Forfeiture	Tax	Seizure	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
\$ -	\$ 6,246	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,246
-	<u>-</u>	-	-	5,391
=	36	3	23	64
	-			23,099
	6,282	3_	23	34,800
-	-	-	-	15,965
1,609		69,830		73,109
	-	-	-	250
	-	***	P1	83,601
1,609	-	69,830	-	172,925
(1,609)	6,282	(69,827)	23	(138,125)
(2,002)	5,252	(,,		(== -,===,
1,607	11,061	13,833		91,365
1,607	11,061	13,833	P	91,365
(2)	17,343	(55,994)	23	(46,760)
2	85,699	55,994	511,615	733,445
\$ -	\$ 103,042	\$	\$ 511,638	\$ 686,685

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND – SEWER SYSTEM SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

•	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 139,	,687 \$ 161,917
Accounts Receivable	8,	,563 9,687
Due from Other Funds	53,	,843 53,843
TOTAL ASSETS	202,	,093 225,447
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	8,	,052 20,526
TOTALLIABILITIES	8,	,052 20,526
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	194,	,041 204,921
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 194,	,041 \$ 204,921

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND – SEWER SYSTEM

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021			2020
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Utility Services	\$	111,720	\$	105,792
Total Operating Revenues		111,720		105,792
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation				
Waste Water Treatment Fees		122,606		109,175
Total Operating Expenses Before Depreciation		122,606		109,175
Operating Income (Loss)	<u> </u>	(10,886)	•	(3,383)
Other Income (Expense):				
Interest Income		6		231
Total Other Income (Expense)		6		231
Change in Net Position		(10,880)		(3,152)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		204,921	h	208,073
Net Position at End of Year	\$	194,041	\$	204,921

TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD PARK COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND – SEWER SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

		2021		2020
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				,
Cash Received From Customers	\$	112,844	\$	117,284
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(135,080)		(110,600)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	((22,236)	•	6,684
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Investment Interest Received		6		231
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		6		231
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Interfund Borrowings		PM		91,516
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	-			91,516
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash				
and Cash Equivalents		(22,230)		98,431
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		161,917	1	63,486
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	139,687	\$	161,917
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(10,886)	\$	(3,383)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		, , ,		, ,
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		(12,474)		(1,425)
Total Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities		(11,350)	•	10,067
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Operating Activities	\$	(22,236)	\$	6,684



ACCRECATION CONTRACTOR Terra de constitución de la cons West State of the State of the